

Supplemental Information

METHODS

Susceptibility to Smoking

Participants were asked the following questions, with 4 response options (definitely not, probably not, probably yes, definitely yes): (1) At any time in the next year, do you think you will use these products? (2) Do you think in the future you will experiment with these products? (3) If one of your best friends were to offer you these products would you use them? A composite 3-measure index was also created, according to previously used methods¹⁰: participants were classified as having no susceptibility in the composite index if they responded “definitely not” to all 3 questions.

SUPPLEMENTAL TABLE 5 Demographic and Susceptibility Characteristics of Participants Who Completed the 2015 Survey and Those Lost to Follow-up

	Participants, ^a <i>n</i> (Row %)	Lost to Follow-up, <i>n</i> (Row %)
Gender		
Female	128 (72.7)	48 (27.3)
Male	175 (70.0)	75 (30.0)
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic white	148 (67.9)	70 (32.1)
Non-Hispanic white	128 (77.1)	38 (22.9)
Other	27 (64.3)	15 (35.7)
Education (highest parental)		
≤12th grade	88 (66.7)	44 (33.3)
Some college	101 (69.7)	44 (30.3)
College degree or higher	99 (87.6)	14 (12.4)
Susceptibility to cigarette use		
Not susceptible	220 (71.7)	87 (28.3)
Susceptible	80 (69.0)	36 (31.0)
Grade (2014)		
11	163 (69.0)	73 (30.9)
12	140 (73.7)	50 (26.3)

Total varies due to missing values.

^a Five participants did not provide complete data on cigarette use at follow-up and are not included in the main analyses.